

## European Solar Energy Storage

# Smart grid topology Estonia



## Overview

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A smart grid precisely limits electrical power down to the residential level, network small-scale distributed energy generation and storage devices, communicate information on operating status and needs, collect information on prices and grid conditions, and move the grid beyond central control to a collaborative network.

The smart grid is an enhancement of the 20th century , using two-way communications and distributed so-called intelligent devices. Two-way flows of electricity and information could improve the delivery network. Research is mainly focused on three systems of a smart grid – the infrastructure system, the management system, and the protection syst. The smart grid is an enhancement of the 20th century , using two-way communications and distributed so-called intelligent devices. Two-way flows of electricity and information could improve the delivery network. Research is mainly focused on three systems of a smart grid – the infrastructure system, the management system, and the protection system. Electronic power conditioning and control of the production and distribution of electricity are important aspects of the smart grid. The smart grid represents the full suite of current and proposed responses to the challenges of electricity supply. Numerous contributions to the overall improvement of the efficiency of energy infrastructure are anticipated from the deployment of smart grid technology, in particular including . The improved flexibility of the smart grid permits greater penetration of highly variable renewable energy sources such as and , even without the addition of . Smart grids could also monitor/control residential devices that are noncritical during periods of peak power consumption, and return their function during nonpeak hours. A smart grid includes a variety of operation and energy measures: • (of which are a generic name for any utility side device even if it is more capable e.g. a fiber optic router)• Smart and integrated with and (behind the meter from a utility persp.

Historical development of the electricity gridThe first system was installed in 1886 in . At that time, the grid was a centralized unidirectional system of , , and demand-driven control. Historical development of the electricity gridThe first system was installed in 1886 in . At that time, the grid was a centralized unidirectional system of , , and demand-driven control. In the 20th century, local grids grew over time and were eventually interconnected for economic and reliability reasons. By the 1960s, the electric grids of developed countries had become very large, mature, and highly interconnected, with thousands of 'central' generation power stations delivering power to major load centres via

high capacity power lines which were then branched and divided to provide power to smaller industrial and domestic users over the entire supply area. The topology of the 1960s grid was a result of the strong economies of scale: large coal-, gas- and oil-fired power stations in the 1 GW (1000 MW) to 3 GW scale are still found to be cost-effective, due to efficiency-boosting features that can be cost-effective only when the stations become very large. Power stations were located strategically to be close to fossil fuel reserves (either the mines or wells themselves or else close to rail, road, or port supply).

A smart grid would allow the power industry to observe and control parts of the system at higher resolution in time and space. One of the purposes of the smart grid is real time information exchange to make operation as efficient as possible. It would allow management of the grid on all time scales from high-frequency switching devices on a microsecond scale, to wind and solar output variations on a minute scale, to the future effects of the carbon emissions generated by power production on a decade scale. The smart grid represents the full suite of current and proposed responses to the challenges of electricity supply. Because of the diverse range of factors, there are numerous competing taxonomies and no agreement on a universal definition. Nevertheless, one possible categorization is given here. ReliabilityThe smart grid makes use of technologies such as state estimation, that improve and allow of the network without the intervention of technicians. This will ensure a more reliable supply of electricity and reduce vulnerability to natural disasters or attacks. Although multiple routes are touted as a feature of the smart grid, the old grid.

The bulk of smart grid technologies are already used in other applications such as manufacturing and telecommunications and are being adapted for use in grid operations. • Integrated communications: Areas for improvement include: substation automation, demand response, distribution automation, supervisory control, and data acquisition (The bulk of smart grid technologies are already used in other applications such as manufacturing and telecommunications and are being adapted for use in grid operations. • Integrated communications: Areas for improvement include: substation automation, demand response, distribution automation, supervisory control, and data acquisition ( ), energy management systems, wireless mesh networks and other technologies, power-line carrier communications, and . Integrated communications will allow for real-time control, information, and data exchange to optimize system reliability, asset utilization, and security. •

Sensing and measurement: core duties are evaluating congestion and grid stability, monitoring equipment health, energy theft prevention, and control strategies support. Technologies include advanced microprocessor meters ( ) and meter reading equipment, wide-area monitoring systems, (typically based on online readings by combined with Real time thermal rating (RTTR) systems), electromagnetic signature measurement/analysis, time-of-use, and real-time pricing tools, advanced switches and cables, backscatter radio technology, and . • . Many in the power systems engineering community believe that the could have been contained to a much smaller area if a wide area phasor measurement network had been in place.

Major programs IntelliGrid – Created by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI), IntelliGrid architecture provides methodology, tools, and recommendations for standards and technologies for utility use in planning, specifying, and procuring IT-based systems, such as advanced metering, di. Major programs IntelliGrid – Created by the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI), IntelliGrid architecture provides methodology, tools, and recommendations for standards and technologies for utility use in planning, specifying, and procuring IT-based systems, such as advanced metering, distribution automation, and demand response. The architecture also provides a living laboratory for assessing devices, systems, and technology. Several utilities have applied IntelliGrid architecture including Southern California Edison, Long Island Power Authority, Salt River Project, and TXU Electric Delivery. The IntelliGrid Consortium is a that integrates and optimizes global research efforts, funds technology R&D, works to integrate technologies, and disseminates technical information. Grid 2030 – Grid 2030 is a joint vision statement for the U.S. electrical system developed by the electric utility industry, equipment manufacturers, information technology providers, federal and state government agencies, interest groups, universities, and national laboratories. It covers generation, transmission, distribution, storage, and end-use. The National Electric Delivery Technologies Roadmap is the implementation document for the Grid 2030 vision. The Roadmap outlines the key issues and challenges for modernizing the grid and suggests paths that government and industry can take to build America's future electric delivery system. Modern Grid Initiative (MGI) is a collaborative effort between the U.S. Department of Energy (D.

Market outlook In 2009, the US smart grid industry was valued at about \$21.4 billion – by 2014, it will exceed at least \$42.8 billion. Given the success of the smart grids in the U.S., the world market is expected to grow at a faster rate, surging from \$69.3 billion in 2009 to \$171.4 billion by 2014. Wit. Market outlook In 2009, the US smart grid industry was valued at about \$21.4 billion – by 2014, it will exceed at least \$42.8 billion. Given the success of the smart

grids in the U.S., the world market is expected to grow at a faster rate, surging from \$69.3 billion in 2009 to \$171.4 billion by 2014. With the segments set to benefit the most will be smart metering hardware sellers and makers of software used to transmit and organize the massive amount of data collected by meters. A 2011 study from the concludes that investment in a U.S. smart grid will cost up to \$476 billion over 20 years but will provide up to \$2 trillion in customer benefits over that time. In 2015, the reported a transformational investment of more than \$7.6 trillion by members of the is needed over the next 25 years (or \$300 billion per year) to modernize, expand, and decentralize the electricity infrastructure with technical innovation as key to the transformation. A 2019 study from estimates that the current (depreciated) value of the US electric grid is more than USD 1 trillion. The total cost of replacing it with a smart grid is estimated to be more than USD 4 trillion. If smart grids are deployed fully across the US, the country expects to save USD 130 billion annually. General economics developmentsAs customers can choose their electricity suppliers, depending on their different tariff methods, the focus of transportation costs will be increased. Reduction of maintenance and replacements cos.

Most opposition and concerns have centered on smart meters and the items (such as remote control, remote disconnect, and variable rate pricing) enabled by them. Where opposition to smart meters is encountered, they are often marketed as "smart grid" which connects smart grid to smart meters in the eyes of opponents. Specific points of opposition or concern include: Most opposition and concerns have centered on smart meters and the items (such as remote control, remote disconnect, and variable rate pricing) enabled by them. Where opposition to smart meters is encountered, they are often marketed as "smart grid" which connects smart grid to smart meters in the eyes of opponents. Specific points of opposition or concern include: • consumer concerns over , e.g. use of usage data by law enforcement• social concerns over "fair" availability of electricity• concern that complex rate systems (e.g. variable rates) remove clarity and , allowing the supplier to take advantage of the customer• concern over remotely controllable "" incorporated into most smart meters• social concerns over style abuses of information leverage• concerns over giving the government mechanisms to control the use of all power using activities• concerns over RF emissions from smart metersSecurityWhile modernization of electrical grids into smart grids allows for optimization of everyday processes, a smart grid, being online, can be vulnerable to cyberattacks. Transformers which increase the voltage of electricity created at power plants for long-distance travel, transmission l.

What makes a smart grid infrastructure a success?

Smarter grid infrastructure based on digital and interoperable solutions is essential to the success of the energy transition. The report analyses a range of enabling technologies: transmission innovation, grid-scale storage services, electric vehicles smart charging, advanced meter infrastructure and home energy management systems).

What are the three systems of a smart grid?

Research is mainly focused on three systems of a smart grid – the infrastructure system, the management system, and the protection system. Electronic power conditioning and control of the production and distribution of electricity are important aspects of the smart grid.

How much is the smart grid industry worth?

In 2009, the US smart grid industry was valued at about \$21.4 billion – by 2014, it will exceed at least \$42.8 billion. Given the success of the smart grids in the U.S., the world market is expected to grow at a faster rate, surging from \$69.3 billion in 2009 to \$171.4 billion by 2014.

What is a smart grid selection guide?

It provides a selection guide setting out, for the most common Smart Grid systems the relevant set of existing and upcoming standards to be considered, from CEN, CENELEC, ETSI and further from IEC, ISO, ITU or even coming from other bodies when needed. It also explains how these are able to be used, where, and for which purpose.

Where will dynamic grid stability power plants be built?

The first two dynamic grid stability power plants utilizing the concept have been ordered by Elering and will be built by Wärtsilä in Kiisa, Estonia (Kiisa Power Plant). Their purpose is to "provide dynamic generation capacity to meet sudden and unexpected drops in the electricity supply".

When did the smart grid mandate m/490 come out?

In March 2011, the European Commission and EFTA issued the Smart Grid Mandate M/490 which was accepted by the three European Standards Organizations (ESOs), CEN, CENELEC and ETSI in June 2011.

## Smart grid topology Estonia



### Efficient Higher Revenue

- Max. Efficiency 97.5%
- Max. PV Input Voltage 600V
- 150% Peak Output Power
- 2 MPPT Trainers, 100% DC Input Utilization
- Max. PV Input Current 15A, Compatible with High-Power Modules

### Intelligent Simple O&M

- IP66 Protection Degree: support outdoor installation
- Smart I-V Curve Diagnostic function: locate PV string faults accurately and automatically detect faults
- DC & AC Type-II SPD: prevent lightning damage
- Battery Reverse Connection Protection

### Flexible Abundant Configuration

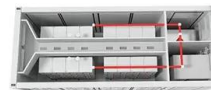
- MPPT & Max. SPD Switching Under 10ms
- Compatible with Lead-acid and Lithium Batteries
- Max. 6 Units Inverters Parallel
- AFCI Function (Optional): when an arc fault is detected the inverter immediately stops operation

## Generating realistic Smart Grid communication topologies based ...

The underlying communication topology is essential for the smart grid and is what enables the smart grid to be smart. Analyzing, simulating, designing, and comparing smart grid infrastructures but also optimizing routing algorithms, and predicating impacts of failures, all of this relies on deep knowledge of a smart grids communication topology.

## Estimation of smart grid topology using SCADA measurements ...

An intelligent cyber-criminal is capable to construct the smart grid system topology blindly by utilizing information analytic grounded on the signals used for measurement [12] or the tariff data



## Smart grid development

The smart grid entails combined changes in the energy system resulting from the widespread deployment of information and communication technologies. It allows new services to be offered to consumers. People need neither electricity nor ...

## [Avaleht, Elering](#)

Connecting to the grid. Connection process. Fees. Application and agreement. Power-generating module's acceptance testing. The connection process. Connection options. The third Estonia-Latvia interconnection. ...



## **Coordinated Topology Attacks in Smart Grid Using Deep ...**

The coordinated topology attacks in smart grid, which combine a physical topology attack and a cyber-topology attack, are investigated and a deep-reinforcement-learning-based approach is proposed to determine the minimal attack resources. In this article, we investigate the coordinated topology attacks in smart grid, which combine a physical topology ...

## **Compressive Sensing-Based Topology Identification for Smart ...**

Smart grid (SG) technology transforms the traditional power grid from a single-layer physical system to a cyber-physical network that includes a second layer of information. Collecting, transferring, and analyzing the huge amount of data that can be captured from different parameters in the network, together with the uncertainty that is caused by the distributed ...



## **Q-Learning-Based Vulnerability Analysis of Smart Grid Against**

Recent studies on sequential attack schemes revealed new smart grid vulnerability that can be exploited by attacks on the network topology. Traditional power systems contingency analysis needs to



## Smart Grid Simulation in MATLAB

Smart Grid Simulation in MATLAB. Matlab helps demonstrate how to use the MATLAB software for simulation of a smart grid. The smart grid is the integration of computing and communication technologies into a power grid with the goal of enabling real-time control and a reliable, secure, and efficient energy system.



## Envelios

The grid planning of the Estonian distribution grid operator Elektrilevi is being digitalised with the help of a smart grid platform. In the future, the connection verification process will be fully automated by the grid operator.

## Learning Distribution Grid Topologies: A Tutorial

like) topology, which can be modified by changing breaker statuses on available lines [54]. In recent years, the growth of behind-the-meter distributed energy resources (DERs) and smart loads (e.g., air-conditioners, storage devices, electric vehicles) have brought distribution grids to the forefront of smart grid



advancement [85].



## [Avaleht , Elering](#)

Connecting to the grid. Connection process. Fees. Application and agreement. Power-generating module's acceptance testing. The connection process. Connection options. The third Estonia-Latvia interconnection. Balticconnector. Design pylons. Design highvoltage pylon Bog Fox. Design highvoltage pylon Bog Crane. About the company.

## [Smart Grids in the European Union](#)

Smarter grid infrastructure based on digital and interoperable solutions is essential to the success of the energy transition. The report analyses a range of enabling technologies: transmission innovation, grid-scale storage ...



## **Resilient Temporal GCN for Smart Grid State Estimation Under Topology ...**

Resilient Temporal GCN for Smart Grid State Estimation Under Topology Inaccuracies In order to make the model resilient to topology uncertainties, modifications in the TGCN model are proposed to incorporate a knowledge graph, generated based on the measurement data. This knowledge graph supports the assumed uncertain system graph.

## **On Topology Attack of a Smart Grid: Undetectable Attacks ...**

**On Topology Attack of a Smart Grid:  
 Undetectable Attacks and Countermeasures**  
 Jinsub Kim and Lang Tong, Fellow, IEEE  
 Abstract--Covert data attacks on the network  
 topology of a smart grid is considered. In a so-  
 called man-in-the-middle attack, an adversary  
 alters data from certain meters and net-  
 work switches to mislead the control center with



## Unbalanced multi-phase distribution grid topology estimation and ...

For distribution grid topology identification, many methods have been proposed in recent years. For example, in [], the correct topology is searched from a set of possible radial networks. Given the line parameters, Cavraro et al. [] and Sharon et al. [] propose maximum-likelihood methods to select the operational distribution grid topology. Bolognani et al. [], Peppanen et al. [], and Liao ...

## SMART-DS: Synthetic Models for Advanced, Realistic Testing

The SMART-DS data sets are available through the Open Energy Data Initiative as well as the GRID DATA program data repositories: BetterGrids and DR POWER. SMART-DS contributed to the development of the Distribution Transformation Tool (DiTTo), which enables programmatic development of distribution models as well as translations between data



[Smart Grid Baltic](#)



The JRC presented one of its line of activities in the field of smart grids, the Smart Grid Projects Outlook6. Since 2011, in its role as an independent observer of the energy system, the JRC ...

## Automated Determination of Topology and Line Parameters in ...

Article: Automated Determination of Topology and Line Parameters in Low Voltage Systems Using Smart Meters Measurements. IEEE Transactions on Smart Grid 11(6): 5028-5038  
 Estonia Contact



## A Comprehensive Review on Smart Grids: Challenges and ...

Classification: (a) Smart Grid Network Topologies, (b) Smart Grid Technologies, and (c) Encryption used in Smart Grids. Table 2 shows the articles that can be classified into Smart Grid Technology. From this table it can be noted that most of the algorithms are categorized into the Internet of Things or Industrial Internet of Things.

## Power grid surveillance: Topology change detection system using ...

This paper proposes an efficient channel impulse response (CIR)-based technique to detect topology changes in the power grid. The features of the proposed approach include the following

aspects: (i) it is a software-only solution, not requiring any intervention on the current smart grid architecture; (ii) topology changes can be detected via a simple distributed ...



## Case Study: Intelligent Grid Design - Insights from Estonia's ...

Lessons in developing energy resilience from an innovative grid operator at the heart of Estonia's just transition. Responding to shifting consumption profiles in a rapidly ...

## Overview of smart grid implementation: Frameworks, impact, ...

The smart grid also enables two-way power flow, and enhanced metering infrastructure capable of self-healing, resilient to attacks, and can forecast future uncertainties. This paper surveys various smart grid frameworks, social, economic, and environmental impacts, energy trading, and integration of renewable energy sources over the years 2015



## Smart-Grid Topology Identification Using Sparse Recovery

This paper develops an efficient solution for power network topology identification and



monitoring activities in SG by exploiting the concentration of nonzero elements in the corresponding sparse vectors around the main diagonal in the nodal admittance or structure matrix of the PN. Smart grid (SG) technology reshapes the traditional power grid into a ...

## Online Energy Price Matrix Factorization for Power Grid ...

IEEE TRANS. ON SMART GRID (ACCEPTED AUGUST 12, 2015) 1 Online Energy Price Matrix Factorization for Power Grid Topology Tracking Vassilis Kekatos, Member, IEEE, Georgios B. Giannakis, Fellow, IEEE, and Ross Baldick, Fellow, IEEE Abstract--Grid security and open markets are two major smart grid goals. Transparency of market data facilitates a



## Resilient Temporal GCN for Smart Grid State Estimation ...

topology attack detection [20], [35] and some focused on developing defense against topology attacks [23]-[25] and mitigating the impact of topology noise in GNNs [26]-[28]. In power systems, the works presented in [15], [16], [29]-[32] studied the effects of topology noise and attacks on various functions, such as SE and cyber stress

## Q-Learning-Based Vulnerability Analysis of Smart Grid Against

A Q-learning-based approach to identify critical

attack sequences with consideration of physical system behaviors is proposed to identify new smart grid vulnerability that can be exploited by attacks on the network topology. Recent studies on sequential attack schemes revealed new smart grid vulnerability that can be exploited by attacks on the network topology. Traditional ...



## Adaptable Smart Distribution Grid Topology Generation for

...

Two major approaches to topology modelling are dominant. The first relies on test networks of electrical networks. In [], the authors list many different types of models of distribution grid such as IEEE Test Feeder or CIGRE Benchmark models as well as many other ones, which were used in this work to validate the ability to create equivalent power network ...



## Generating Scale-Free Topology for Wireless Neighborhood

Neighbourhood Area Networks (NANs) are critical infrastructure in smart grid to support communications. With the development of wireless communication technologies, there is a great potential for



## Smart grids

A smart grid is an electricity network that can integrate in a cost-efficient manner the behaviour and actions of all users connected to it (generators and/or consumers) in order to ensure

...



## Adaptable Smart Distribution Grid Topology Generation for

...

Adaptable Smart Distribution Grid Topology Generation for Enhanced Resilience Authors : Nataša Gajić, Stephen Dirk Bjørn Wolthusen Authors Info & Claims Critical Information Infrastructures Security: 18th International Conference, CRITIS 2023, Helsinki Region, Finland, September 13-15, 2023, Revised Selected Papers



## Nationwide smart grid planned for Estonia

The project started in December 2021 and covers the full scope of Enefit Connect's distribution network services to Elektrilevi whose distribution network cover up to 95% of the area of Estonia. The Intelligent Grid Platform's ...

## Online learning for robust voltage control under uncertain grid topology

Please cite our papers as follows, or use the BibTeX entries below. C. Yeh, J. Yu, Y. Shi, and A.

Wierman, "Robust online voltage control with an unknown grid topology," in Proceedings of the Thirteenth ACM International Conference on Future Energy Systems (e-Energy '22), Association for Computing Machinery, Jun. 2022, pp. 240-250, ISBN: 9781450393973.



## On Topology Attack of a Smart Grid

On Topology Attack of a Smart Grid Jinsub Kim and Lang Tong School of Electrical and Computer Engineering Cornell University, Ithaca, NY 14853. Email: {jk752, lt35}@cornell Abstract--Cyber attacks on a smart grid aiming at misleading the control center with incorrect topology information are considered.

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